

Bill Tomlinson* and Birgit Penzenstadler**

* UCIrvine, ** TUMünchen

Software Engineering has been Underutilized for Sustainability

- ICT has contributed significantly to exploiting the planet's resources
- "Greening through IT" also engenders considerable potential to improve sustainability
- Software engineering's potential to help in this endeavor has yet to be fully explored
- We are beginning a project focused on how requirements engineering can be used to produce systems that address sustainability

EnviroSiSE

• Environmental Sustainability in Software Engineering

• Analyze what and how SE can contribute to improving environmental sustainability of ICT

 Interdisciplinary approach linking software engineering and environmental informatics
 software engineering: Birgit Penzenstadler and me
 environmental informatics: Bill Tomlinson

 along with other environmental scientists, regulatory agencies and other domain experts

Caveat

We are only just beginning this research

• Proposal to EU for Birgit to come to US to work on this research project with us

Sustainable Development

- =Sustainability is the capacity to endure
- =Sustainable development is development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs

Brundtland Report of UN World Commission for Environment and Development, 1987

• How can software engineering contribute to sustainability and sustainable development?

Viewpoints for Software Engineering

• Lifecycle

- Sustainability in the software development process (responsible use of ecological, human, financial resources)
- Sustainability of the software system during its lifecycle, including maintenance and replacement (lifelong monitoring of quality, knowledge management)

• Product

- Sustainability of the software system as a product with respect to its use of resources during execution (green IT, efficient use of hardware and software components)
- Sustainability in resource usage in the application domain supported by the software system (responsible in its impacts on the system environment)

Greening through IT

 Using what we have learned in information technology and related disciplines



- to make our lives "greener" (more environmentally sustainable)
- by providing adequate technological support for the actions of our daily life

We are not focusing on "Greening of IT" (green IT) or Sustainable Software

ICT4ES

=ICT for Environmental Sustainability

- Challenge is to analyze how ICT systems can reduce humankind's impact on the environment by finding new approaches that explicitly take sustainability into account
- Our aim is to support development of ICT4ES with adequate software engineering that integrates environmental informatics & sciences
 Our focus is on requirements engineering

Requirements Engineering

=Software engineering sub-discipline concerned with eliciting, analyzing, specifying, modeling, validating, and managing the requirements of all stakeholders

RE lays the foundation for systems development
only real chance of building the right system
RE provides the strongest leverage point for considering environmental sustainability

Some Related Work

- In general, Requirements Engineering research is far behind other CS disciplines in sustainability domain
- First steps in applying existing RE methods to case studies for decision making (not SW development)
 - Cabot, Easterbrook, et.al.: "Integrating sustainability in decision-making processes: A modeling strategy", ICSE-NIER, 2009.
 - Stefan, et.al.: Goal-Oriented System Modeling for Managing Environmental Sustainability, WSRCC-3, 2011.
- One paper on specifying sustainability requirements
 - Mahaux, Heymans, Saval: "Discovering Sustainability Requirements: an Experience Report", REFSQ, 2011.

Three preliminary research questions

- **RQ1:** What are the implications for SE of ICT4ES? that is, making environmental sustainability a firstclass citizen among the quality objectives for system development
- **RQ2:** How can the necessities resulting from ICT4ES be implemented in a software engineering approach?
- **RQ3:** How can we assess the impacts of a given software-intensive system for environmental sustainability, including both direct and indirect effects and considering all groups of stakeholders?

Envisioned Outcomes

- Value Map for Sustainability in SE (RQ1)
 Sustainability in relation to traditional SE values
 Ensures inclusion of all stakeholders
- 2 Sustainability Goal Taxonomy (RQ1)
 Coals deduced to support values
- Sustainability Requirements Artifact Model (RQ2)
 - Guides structure and content for specifying sustainability requirements and related information

Envisioned Outcomes

Adapted Analysis Techniques (RQ2)
 To transition from goals to requirements artifacts

5 Sustainability Quality Model (RQ3)
 Indicators and metrics to describe, assess and predict quality wrt sustainability

6 Case Studies (RQ1-3)

 Validating a tailored approach to requirements engineering for sustainability





Sustainability Toolbox

• Tailored approach for requirements engineers

- Stakeholder analysis based on value map
- Sustainability goal taxonomy
- Goal model integrating sustainability as a quality attribute
- Sustainability requirements artifact model for requirements elicitation
- Sustainability indicators and metrics
- ... potential future techniques as we find limitations and deficiencies

Conclusion

 Our goal is to support the development of ICT4ES with an adequate software engineering approach that integrates knowledge of environmental informatics.

• As some of the most powerful tools currently in use by humankind, providing software system developers of these systems with conceptual techniques to infuse their process with environmental sustainability promises to improve environmental sustainability